## Unit 1 Criterion B and C Formative Assessment : Buggy Lab

**Unit Statement of Inquiry**: Effective communication in science depends upon the development of coherent and consistent standards for measurement.

Investigation Question: How does the number of rotations of a wheel affect the distance travelled for a buggy?

## Criterion B: Design an Investigation

**Task:** Design an investigation to answer the inquiry question above. Format your product in the way that best fulfills the requirements of this rubric. Below is the rubric on which you will be assessed.

Level	Level descriptor	Task Specific Clarification
0	The product does not reach a standard described by any of the descriptors below.	
1-2	The student is able to: i. <b>state</b> a problem or question to be tested by a scientific investigation ii. <b>outline</b> a testable hypothesis iii. <b>outline</b> the variables iv. <b>design</b> a method, with limited success.	<ul> <li>i. State the nature of your task. "How doesaffect?"</li> <li>Define relevant terms. Then, explain the relationship (including mathematical) between these and any other physics concepts you are exploring to answer your question.</li> <li>ii. Formulate your hypothesis. Explain one or more scientific principle(s) which inform your prediction.</li> <li>Explain how you will know your prediction is supported. What will your data show?</li> <li>iii. Identify the variables that will allow you to answer your research question. Describe the range of your IV and what trend you expect in your DV as a result.</li> <li>Describe how you'll ensure your data are reliable. How will you minimize error?</li> <li>iv. Identify essential materials. Design a safe and detailed step by step procedure. Create an appropriate data table for raw data. Include additional tables for calculated data if needed.</li> </ul>
3-4	The student is able to: i. <b>outline</b> a problem or question to be tested by a scientific investigation ii. <b>formulate</b> a testable hypothesis using scientific reasoning iii. <b>outline</b> how to manipulate the variables, and <b>outline</b> how relevant data will be collected iv. <b>design</b> a safe method in which he or she selects materials and equipment.	
5-6	The student is able to: i. <b>describe</b> a problem or question to be tested by a scientific investigation ii. <b>formulate</b> and <b>explain</b> a testable hypothesis using scientific reasoning iii. <b>describe</b> how to manipulate the variables, and <b>describe</b> how sufficient, relevant data will be collected iv. <b>design</b> a complete and safe method in which he or she selects appropriate materials and equipment.	
7-8	The student is able to: i. <b>explain</b> a problem or question to be tested by a scientific investigation ii. <b>formulate</b> and <b>explain</b> a testable hypothesis using correct scientific reasoning iii. <b>explain</b> how to manipulate the variables, and <b>explain</b> how sufficient, relevant data will be collected iv. <b>design</b> a logical, complete and safe method in which he or she selects appropriate materials and equipment.	

Unit Statement of Inquiry: Effective communication in science depends upon the development of coherent and consistent standards for measurement.

Investigation Question: How does the number of rotations of a wheel affect the distance travelled for a

buggy?

Chienon C. Processing and Evaluating				
Level	Level descriptor	Task Specific Clarification		
0	The student <b>does not</b> reach a standard identified by any of the descriptors below.			
1-2	<ul> <li>The student is able to: collect and present data in numerical and/or visual forms</li> <li>ii. interpret data</li> <li>iii. state the validity of a hypothesis based on the outcome of a scientific investigation</li> <li>iv. state the validity of the method based on the outcome of a scientific investigation</li> <li>v. state improvements or extensions to the method.</li> </ul>	i. <b>Present</b> all raw qualitative and quantitative data in an <b>organized</b> manner (headings, units, etc.). Also include calculated data with sample calculations. Create a meaningful graph of relationships.		
3-4	<ul> <li>The student is able to:</li> <li>i. correctly collect and present data in numerical and/or visual forms</li> <li>ii. accurately interpret data and explain results</li> <li>iii. outline the validity of a hypothesis based on the outcome of a scientific investigation</li> <li>iv. outline the validity of the method based on the outcome of a scientific investigation</li> <li>v. outline improvements or extensions to the method that would benefit the scientific investigation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ii. Interpret and explain <u>all</u> of your results using scientific reasoning. 'Speak in numbers' to establish trends, relationships, and outliers. State a conclusion based on your variables and scientific principles.</li> <li>iii. Evaluate your conclusion against your hypothesis. To what extent do your data support or fail to support your hypothesis? Cite data to support.</li> <li>iv. Explain to what extent your <u>plan</u> led to a valid conclusion, and explain how well your <u>execution</u> contributed to reliable data. Identify sources and types of error in both and their impact on the data.</li> <li>v. Explain improvements to the method and execution which address all sources of error cited in Civ. Propose extensions which could enrich the discussion around the research question.</li> </ul>		
5-6	<ul> <li>The student is able to:</li> <li>i. correctly collect, organize and present data in numerical and/or visual forms</li> <li>ii. accurately interpret data and explain results using scientific reasoning</li> <li>iii. discuss the validity of a hypothesis based on the outcome of a scientific investigation</li> <li>iv. discuss the validity of the method based on the outcome of a scientific investigation</li> <li>v. describe improvements or extensions to the method that would benefit the scientific investigation.</li> </ul>			
7-8	<ul> <li>The student is able to:</li> <li>i. correctly collect, organize, transform and present data in numerical and/or visual forms</li> <li>ii. accurately interpret data and explain results using correct scientific reasoning</li> <li>iii. evaluate the validity of a hypothesis based on the outcome of a scientific investigation</li> <li>iv. evaluate the validity of the method based on the outcome of a scientific investigation</li> <li>v. evaluate investigation</li> <li>v. explain improvements or extensions to the method that would benefit the scientific investigation.</li> </ul>			

# Criterion C: Processing and Evaluating

## Unit 4 Criterion B Design and Investigation PLAN: Buggy Lab

**Unit Statement of Inquiry**: Effective communication in science depends upon the development of coherent and consistent standards for measurement.

**Task:** Design an investigation to answer the investigation question below. Format your product in the way that best fulfills the requirements of this rubric.

**Planning Instructions:** Complete this document in order to have your materials made available. REMINDER: This document does <u>NOT</u> replace your Criterion B. It represents the essential elements and information needed for you to carry out the investigation. You are still expected to convey the appropriate level of detail in your Criterion B.

i. <u>Investigation Question</u>: How does the number of rotations of a wheel affect the distance travelled for a buggy? *Relevant Concepts / Formulas / Relationships:* 

ii. Hypothesis - Write this in a way that includes both of your variables and a scientific principle (think If...then...because).

iii. Variables - Identify your IV and DV, range of IV (have a rationale for this!), and number of trials (have a rationale!)

#### iv. Procedure -

Materials - specify any items or measurements specific to YOUR investigation (basic materials will be provided)

Steps - Provide numbered steps to carry out one trial.

Data Table: Feel free to attach one or show a digital data table

Approval: \_\_\_\_\_